

Safety Data Sheet

Identification **SECTION 1**

CONOSTAN® Calcium (Ca) Standard **Product Name:**

Petroleum hydrocarbon **Chemical Family: Intended Use:** Instrument Calibration

150-100-205 **Catalogue Number:**

Recommended Use: Laboratory Chemical

Instrument Calibration. This product is intended for laboratory testing. This product shall be used by trained personnel only.

Restriction on use:

Do not use this product outside of a laboratory. This product should not be used by untrained personnel.

Manufacturer/ Supplier:

Canada/ International USA **France** Germany 21 800 Clark-Graham 3rd Party Distribution Center 12 Ave du Québec Alte Marktoberdorfer Baie d'Urfé, (Montreal) 348 Route 11, Champlain, Bât Iris, SILIC 642 Straße 14, 87616 Québec, H9X 4B6 N.Y. 12919-4816 91965 Villebon sur Yvette, Marktoberdorf Canada USA France Germany Phone: +1 (800) 361-6820 Phone: +1 (800) 361-6820 Phone: +33 (0) 1 69 18 71 17 Phone: +49 (0) 8342-89560-61 Fax: +1 (800) 253-5549 Fax: +49 (0) 8342-89560-69

CORPORATE: Phone: +1 (514) 457-0701 | Fax: +1 (514) 457-4499 sales@scpscience.com www.scpscience.com

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For Spills, Leaks, Fires or Accidents Call CHEMTREC: 1-703-741-5970 (CHEMTREC)

California Poison Control System: (800) 356-3129

Fax: +1 (800) 253-5549

In the event of medical emergency, call your local poison centre or equivalent.

Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview GHS

Harmonized Classification – Annex VI of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP Regulation)

Classification: Aspiration- Category 1 **Pictograms:**

Signal Word: Danger **Hazard Statements**

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Precautionary Statements

P301+P310: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P331: Do NOT induce vomiting.

P405: Store locked up.

P501: Dispose of contents/container according to federal, regional and local government requirements.



Other Hazards: No information found.

SECTION 3 Composition and Information on Ingredients

CAS No. Chemical Name Weight Classification ((EC) No 1272/2008)

8042-47-5 White Mineral Oil (20 cSt) 100% H304 - Asp. Tox. 1

None Oil Mist, If generated --- None

The following materials are present at equal to or less than 1.0%:

Blended Alkyl aryl Sulfonate or as indicated, including

Calcium alkyl aryl Sulfonate - % as Ca

A typical concentration of the above metal compounds is 1000 ppm.

Refer to container for the exact concentration.

1% = 10,000 PPM.

SECTION 4 First Aid Measures

In case of contact:

Eye: If irritation or redness develops, move victim away from exposure and into fresh air. Flush eyes

with clean water. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

Skin: Remove contaminated shoes and clothing and flush affected area(s) with large amounts of water.

If skin surface is damaged, apply a clean dressing and seek medical attention. If skin surface is not damaged, cleanse affected area(s) thoroughly by washing with mild soap and water. If

irritation or redness develops, seek medical attention.

Ingestion: Aspiration hazard: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can

enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. If victim is drowsy or unconscious and vomiting, place on the left side with head down. If possible, do not leave victim unattended and observe

closely for adequacy of breathing. Seek medical attention.

Inhalation: If respiratory symptoms develop, move victim away from source of exposure and into fresh air. If

symptoms persist, seek medical attention. If victim is not breathing, clear airway and immediately begin artificial respiration. If breathing difficulties develop, oxygen should be administered by

qualified personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.

Most important

No information found.

Symptoms:

Notes toAcute aspirations of large amounts of oil-laden material may produce serious aspiration pneumonia. Patients who aspirate these oils should be followed for the development of

long-term sequelae. Inhalation exposure to oil mists below current workplace exposure

limits is unlikely to cause pulmonary abnormalities.

SECTION 5 Fire-fighting Measures

Fire Hazard Summary:

For fires beyond the incipient stage, emergency responders in the immediate hazard areas should wear bunker gear. When the potential chemical hazard is unknown, in enclosed or confined spaces, or when explicitly required by DOT, a self contained breathing apparatus should be worn. In addition, wear other appropriate protective equipment as conditions warrant (See Section 8).

Isolate immediate hazard area, keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done with minimal risk. Move undamaged containers from the immediate hazard area if it can be done with minimal risk.



Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Cool equipment exposed to fire with water, if it can be done with minimal risk. Avoid spreading burning liquid with water used for cooling purposes.

Extinguishing Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, foam or water spray is recommended. Water or foam may cause

frothing of materials heated above 212°F. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution

when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces.

Extinguishing Media to be Avoided:No information found.

Combustion and Thermal This material may burn, but it will not ignite readily. If container is not properly cooled, it

Decomposition Products: can rupture in the heat of a fire.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire
Firefighters should wear self-contained respirator and full protective gear.

fighters

Media:

NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION (NFPA) HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Health: 1 – Slightly hazardous

Flammability: 1 – Must be heated before ignition can occur.

Reactivity: 0 – Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and is not reactive

with water

Special Hazard:

SECTION 6 Accidental Release Measures

Spill Precautions:

This material may burn, but it will not ignite readily. Keep all sources of ignition away from spill/release. Stay upwind and away from spill/ release. Notify persons downwind of the spill/ release, isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/ release if it can be done with minimal risk. Wear appropriate protective equipment including respiratory protection as conditions warrant (See Section 8).

Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways. Contain liquid with sand or soil. Recover and return free product to proper containers. Dike far ahead of the spill for later recovery or disposal. Spilled material may be absorbed into an appropriate absorbent material such as vermiculite, sand, or clay to clean up residual liquids.

Notify fire authorities and appropriate federal, state and local agencies. Immediate cleanup of any spill is recommended. If spill of any amount is made into or upon navigable waters, the contiguous zone, or adjoining shorelines, notify the National Response Center (Phone No.: 800-424-8802).

Personal precautions: Wear appropriate protective equipment including respiratory protection as conditions warrant (See Section 8).

Protective equipment and emergency procedures: Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Clean-up:

SMALL SPILLS: Not applicable.

LARGE SPILLS: Evacuate area. Contact fire and emergency services and supplier for advice.

SECTION 7 Handling and Storage

Handling:

Do not wear contaminated clothing or shoes. Keep contaminated clothing away from sources of ignition such as sparks or open flames. Use good personnel hygiene practices.



"Empty" containers retain residue and may be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. "Empty" drums should be completely drained, properly bunged and promptly shipped to the supplier or a drum re-conditioner. All containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with governmental regulations.

Storage:

Keep container(s) tightly closed. Use and store this material in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area, away from heat and all sources of ignition. Post area "No Smoking or Open Flame". Store only in approved containers, Keep away from any incompatible material (See Section 10). Protect container(s) against physical damage. Outdoor or detached storage is preferred. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes.

Additional Information:

The mixture is intended for use in a laboratory. The mixture as supplied is stable under normal laboratory conditions.

SECTION 8 Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES

ACGIH: Oil Mist, If generated- 5 mg/m3 (TWA), 10 mg/m3 (STEL).

NOTE: State, local or other agencies or advisory groups may have established more stringent limits. Consult an industrial hygienist or similar professional, or your local agencies, for further information.

Preventive Measures:

Combustible liquid and vapor. Keep away from heat sparks, flames, static electricity or other sources of ignition.

Eye / Face While contact with this material is not expected to cause irritation, the use of approved eye

protection: protection to safeguard against potential eye contact is considered good practice.

The use of gloves impervious to the specific material handled is advised to prevent skin Skin contact and possible irritation (see manufacturers literature for information on permeability). protection:

Examples of approved materials are nitrile, neoprene.

Inhalation / A NIOSH certified air purifying respirator with a Type 95 (R or P) particulate filter may be Ventilation:

used under conditions where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposures limits

(See exposure guidelines).

Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited (see manufacturer's respirator selection guide). Use a NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or equivalent operated in a pressure demand or other positive pressure mode if there is potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection. A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed

whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

Do not eat or drink in work areas. Wash hands thoroughly after handling this material. Personal Maintain good housekeeping. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety **Hygiene:**

practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Appropriate If current ventilation practices are not adequate to maintain airborne concentrations below the established exposure limits (See exposure quidelines), additional engineering controls may **Engineering Controls:** be required. Where explosive mixtures may be present, electrical systems safe for such

locations must be used (See appropriate electrical codes).

Eye wash and guick-drench shower facilities should be available for flushing eyes and skin. Other Impervious clothing should be worn as needed. Thoroughly clean shoes and wash **Protective Equipment:** contaminated clothing before reuse. It is recommended that impervious clothing be worn

when skin contact is possible.



Suggestions for the use of specific protective materials are based on readily available published data. Users should check with specific manufacturers to confirm the performance of their products.

SECTION 9 Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Clear, Colorless

Odor Faint

Property Values

pH VALUENo data availableMelting Point/RangeNo data availableBoiling Point/Range>599°F / >315°C

Evaporation rate Negligible

Flammability (solid, gas)No data available

Vapor Pressure Negligible

Vapor DensityNo data availableBulk Densityc. 6.25 lbs/gal

Specific Gravity c. $0.6 - 0.9 @ 60^{\circ}F (15.6^{\circ}C)$

Water Solubility Negligible

Partition coefficient: n- No data available

octanol/water

Products:

Auto ignition Temperature No data available **Decomposition Temperature** No data available

Viscosity (@ 40 °C) c. 16 cSt

SECTION 10 Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: No information found.

Chemical stability: Stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling

conditions of temperature and pressure.

Incompatible Materials: Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents such as liquid chlorine,

concentrated oxygen, sodium hypochlorite, calcium hypochlorite, etc...

Conditions to avoid: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (See Sections 5 and 7).

Hazardous Decomposition Combustion can yield carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and metallic

compounds.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

SECTION 11 Toxicological Information

Potential Health Effects

Eye: May cause eye irritation

Skin: May cause a skin irritation and skin sensitization.

Ingestion: May be harmful if ingested. **Inhalation:** May be harmful if inhaled.

Effects of Short-Term (Acute) Exposure



White Mineral Oil - CAS# 8042-47-5 LD50/LC50:

> Dermal: LD50: No information available LC50: No information available LD50: No information available Oral:

Effects of Long-Term (Chronic) Exposure

Respiratory or

skin

No information found.

sensitization:

Germ Cell No component of this product at levels greater than 0.1% is classified as a mutagen.

Mutagenicity:

Reproductive No component of this product at levels greater than 0.1% is classified for reproductive

Toxicity: toxicity.

STOT- Single exposure

No definitive information available on target organs toxicity.

STOT- Repeated

No definitive information available on target organs toxicity.

exposure Aspiration

Hazard:

This material can enter the lungs during swallowing or vomiting and cause lung

inflammation and damage.

Carcinogenicity: Not Listed as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC, OSHA or California Proposition 65.

No evidence of cancer has been demonstrated in several well conducted animal studies.

Signs and symptoms of exposure:

May cause eye irritation Skin:

May cause a skin irritation and skin sensitization. Eye:

Ingestion: Effects of overexposure may include irritation of the digestive tract and diarrhea

Inhalation: Overheating of product may produce vapors which can cause respiratory (nose and

throat) irritation, dizziness and nausea.

SECTION 12 Ecological Information

Eco-toxicity: no information about this preparation is available. **Mobility in soil:** no information about this preparation is available.

Persistance and degradability: no information about this preparation is available. **Bioaccumulative potential:** no information about this preparation is available.

SECTION 13 Disposal Considerations

Product disposal:

This material, if discarded as produced, is not a RCRA "listed" hazardous waste due to the characteristic(s) of ignitability (D001). If the spilled or released material impacts soil, water or other media, characteristic testing of the contaminated materials may be required prior to their disposal. Further, this material once it becomes a waste is subject to the land disposal restrictions in 40 CFR 268340 and may require treatment prior to disposal, to meet specific standards. Consult state and local regulations to determine whether they are more stringent than the federal requirements.

Container contents should be completely used and containers should be emptied prior to discard. Container rinsate could be considered a RCRA hazardous waste and must be disposed of with care and in full compliance with federal, state and local regulations. Larger empty containers, such as drums, should be returned to the distributor or to a drum re-conditioner. To assure proper disposal of smaller empty containers, consult with state and local regulations and disposal authorities.

Contaminated packaging: Dispose of as unused product.



SECTION 14 Transport Information

IMDG (sea): Not Regulated As A Hazardous Material Or Dangerous Goods For Transportation By This Agency.

ADR/DOT (road): Not regulated

Material is unregulated unless in container of 3500 gal or more then provisions of 49 CFR Part 130 apply for land shipment.

ICAO/IATA (air): Not Regulated As A Hazardous Material Or Dangerous Goods For Transportation By This Agency.

SECTION 15 Regulatory Information

US Federal:

This product and/or its components are listed on the TSCA

Chemical Inventory.

US State:

California Prop. 65

This material is not listed in the California Proposition 65 (CA Health &

Safety Code Section 25249.5).

<u>Canada</u>

WHMIS Classifications: D1B – Materials Causing immediate toxic effects – Toxic Material

EU

EU Symbol: Xn

Risk Phrase(s): R65: Harmful. May cause lung damage if swallowed.

SECTION 16 Other Information

Revised: December 02, 2020 **Date of previous revision(s):** May 15, 2019

Hazard Indications (H) Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 quoted in Section 3.

Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration Hazard

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

The statements contained herein are offered for informational purposes only and are based upon technical data. SCP SCIENCE believes them to be accurate but does not purport to be all-inclusive. The above-stated product is intended for use only by persons having the necessary technical skills and facilities for handling the product at their discretion and risk. Since conditions and manner of use are outside our control, we make no warranty of merchantability or any such warranty, express or implied with respect to information and we assume no liability resulting from the above product or its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine suitability of information and product for their particular purposes.

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